Consolidated Financial Statements

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF NORTH BAY

Year ended December 31, 2024

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Year ended December 31, 2024

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MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of The Corporation of the City of North Bay (the "City") are the responsibility of the City's management and have been prepared in compliance with legislation, and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of The Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. A summary of the significant accounting policies is described in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements. The preparation of financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgement, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

The City's management maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the financial statements. These systems are monitored and evaluated by Management.

Council meets with Management and the external auditors to review the financial statements and discuss any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to their approval of the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by KPMG LLP, independent external auditors appointed by the City. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the City's consolidated financial statements.

Chief Administrative Officer

John Severino July 8, 2025 Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer

Margaret Karpenko

July 8, 2025



KPMG LLP

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of The Corporation of the City of North Bay

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of The Corporation of the City of North Bay (the Corporation), which comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2024
- the consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of remeasurement gains for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of changes in net financial assets for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes and schedules to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements")

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of The Corporation of the City of North Bay as at December 31, 2024, and its consolidated results of operations, its consolidated remeasurement gains and losses, its consolidated changes in net financial assets and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report.

We are independent of the Corporation in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.



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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Corporation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Corporation's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



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The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Corporation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the
 financial information of the entities or business units within the group as a basis for forming an
 opinion on the group financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision
 and review of the audit work performed for the purposes of the group audit. We remain solely
 responsible for our audit opinion.

KPMG LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants North Bay, Canada

August 8, 2025

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

		2024		2023
FINANCIAL ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	121,440,597	\$	104,695,410
Investments (note 3)	Ψ	23,608,354	Ψ	33,069,319
Taxes receivable		7,993,094		6,032,849
Accounts receivable (note 4)		24,200,023		16,379,351
Other assets		858,946		1,241,237
Investment in government business enterprises (note 5(b))		59,742,420		57,718,031
		237,843,434		219,136,197
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 6)		32,016,899		27,391,687
Deferred revenue - general		1,091,762		1,461,419
Deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds (note 7)		27,606,592		25,179,950
Post-employment benefits and compensated absences				
payable (note 8)		24,970,900		24,479,500
Asset retirement obligation (note 20)		5,923,700		5,849,331
Net long-term liabilities (note 9)		93,602,647		98,474,973
		185,212,500		182,836,860
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS		52,630,934		36,299,337
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS:				
Tangible capital assets (note 19)		571,919,968		563,690,452
Other non-financial assets		4,066,155		3,772,239
Total accumulated surplus (note 11)	\$	628,617,057	\$	603,762,028
Total accumulated surplus is comprised of:				
Accumulated surplus - operations		627,568,541		602,703,069
Accumulated remeasurement gain		1,048,516		1,058,959
Total accumulated surplus (note 11)	\$	628,617,057	\$	603,762,028

Commitments and contractual rights (note 13)

Contingent liabilities (note 14)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

On behalf of Council:

Mayor

Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer

Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	2024	2024	2023
	Budget	Total	Total
	(note 18)		
Revenues:			
Property taxation	\$ 105,239,464	\$ 106,504,941	\$ 103,109,058
Taxation from other governments	4,118,804	4,496,772	4,276,292
User charges	38,425,355	38,587,434	36,262,388
Government transfers and grants	48,014,763	30,988,352	28,308,529
Licenses, permit fees and rents	2,697,461	2,422,779	2,496,496
Investment income	1,100,000	5,942,723	5,445,328
Provincial Offences Act (note 17)	1,032,000	1,345,308	1,022,314
Other	5,531,090	8,288,262	10,559,551
Equity earnings of government business			
enterprises (note 5(a))	900,000	3,321,937	2,944,478
	207,058,937	201,898,508	194,424,434
Expenses:			
General government	6,343,865	9,608,814	8,842,674
Protection services	53,237,306	49,361,510	46,915,845
Transportation services	38,128,336	40,275,871	39,797,274
Engineering and environmental services	29,726,356	35,516,080	30,134,732
Community services	23,660,297	18,422,753	18,001,847
Recreation and cultural services	18,185,339	17,405,067	16,149,640
Planning and development	3,866,057	3,787,988	3,958,729
	173,147,556	174,378,083	163,800,741
Annual surplus before undernoted item	33,911,381	27,520,425	 30,623,693
Cassellholme redevelopment commitment (note 9(a)(iii))	-	(2,654,953)	(2,502,085)
Annual surplus	33,911,381	24,865,472	28,121,608
Accumulated surplus - operations, beginning of year	602,703,069	602,703,069	574,581,461
Accumulated surplus - operations, end of year	\$ 636,614,450	\$ 627,568,541	\$ 602,703,069

Consolidated Statement of Remeasurement Gains

December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	2024	Manager 1	2023
Accumulated remeasurement gains, beginning of year	\$ 1,058,959	\$	1,117,670.00
Other comprehensive loss from government			
business enterprises (note 5(a))	(10,443)		(58,711)
Accumulated remeasurement gain, end of year	\$ 1,048,516	\$	1,058,959

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets

December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	ACCUPATION OF	2024	2024	2023
		Budget	Total	Total
		(note 18)		
Annual surplus	\$	33,911,381	\$24,865,472	\$ 28,121,608
Acquisition of tangible capital assets		(65,658,946)	(39,561,621)	(39,380,817)
Amortization of tangible capital assets		27,260,189	29,798,196	28,732,385
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets and				
surplus land		-	1,016,256	91,749
Disposal of tangible capital assets proceeds		-	517,653	388,953
		(38,398,757)	(8,229,516)	(10,167,730)
Increase in other non-financial assets		E .	(293,916)	(922,082)
Change in net financial assets excluding remeasurement gains		(4,487,376)	16,342,040	17,031,796
Net financial assets, beginning of year		36,299,337	36,299,337	19,326,252
Other comprehensive loss from government				
business enterprises (note 5(a))		-	(10,443)	(58,711)
Net financial assets, end of year	\$	31,811,961	\$52,630,934	\$ 36,299,337

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	2024	2023
Operating transactions:		
Annual surplus	\$ 24,865,472	\$ 28,121,608
Items not involving cash:		
Amortization of tangible capital assets	29,798,196	28,732,385
Contributed tangible capital assets	-	(3,348,887)
Equity earnings of government business enterprises	(3,321,937)	(2,944,478)
Increase in post-employment benefits and		
compensated absences payable	491,400	724,100
Increase in asset retirement obligations (note 20(b))	74,369	-
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets and		
surplus land	1,016,256	91,749
Cassellholme redevelopment commitment	2,654,953	2,502,085
	55,578,709	53,878,562
Changes in non-cash working capital (note 23)	 (3,010,345)	(118,072)
	 52,568,364	53,760,490
Capital transactions:		
Disposal of tangible capital assets and surplus land proceeds	517,653	388,953
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(39,561,621)	(36,031,930)
	(39,043,968)	(35,642,977)
Investing transactions:		
Decrease (increase) in investments	9,460,965	(566,452)
Cash dividend received from government	0,100,000	(000,102)
business enterprises (note 5(b))	1,287,105	1,749,706
(1000)	 10,748,070	1,183,254
Financing transactions:		
Repayment of net long-term liabilities (note 9(a)(iv))	(7 507 070)	(0.074.400)
(note 9(a)(iv))	 (7,527,279)	 (8,874,102)
	 (7,527,279)	 (8,874,102)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	16,745,187	10,426,665
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	104,695,410	94,268,745
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 121,440,597	\$ 104,695,410

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2024

The Corporation of the City of North Bay is a municipality in the Province of Ontario, Canada. It conducts its operations guided by the provisions of provincial statutes such as the Municipal Act 2001, Provincial Offences Act and other related legislation.

1. Significant accounting policies:

The consolidated financial statements of The Corporation of the City of North Bay (the "City") are the responsibility of management. They have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles established by the Public Sector Accounting Board ("PSAB") of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the City are as follows:

a) Reporting entity:

i) Consolidated entities:

These consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses of the reporting entity. The reporting entity is comprised of all organizations, committees and local boards accountable for the administration of their financial affairs and resources to the City and which are owned or controlled by the City. These boards and entities include:

- North Bay Public Library Board ("Library")
- North Bay Police Services Board ("Police Services Board")
- Invest North Bay Development Corporation ("inbay")
- Board of Management For The Downtown Improvement Area ("DIA")
- North Bay Hydro Holdings Limited ("Holdco")
- North Bay Jack Garland Airport Corporation ("Airport")

All interfund assets and liabilities and sources of financing and expenses have been eliminated

ii) Investment in Government Business Enterprises:

Government business enterprises are accounted for by the modified equity method. Under this method the business enterprises' accounting principles are not adjusted to conform with those of the City and interorganizational transactions and balances are not eliminated. The government business enterprises included during the year and summarized in note 5 are:

- North Bay Hydro Distribution Limited
- North Bay Hydro Services Inc.

iii) Other entities:

The following joint local boards are not consolidated:

- The Board of Management for the District of Nipissing East ("Cassellholme")
- North Bay Parry Sound District Health Unit
- District of Nipissing Social Services Administration Board ("DNSSAB")

iv) Accounting for school board transactions:

The taxation, other revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities of Near North District School Board, Nipissing-Parry Sound Catholic District School Board, Conseil scolaire public du Nord-Est de l'Ontario, and Conseil scolaire catholique Franco-Nord are not reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

b) Basis of accounting:

Sources of financing and expenses are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. This method recognizes revenues as they become available and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

c) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash consists of balances held at financial institutions and all cash equivalents consist of highly liquid financial instruments with maturity of three months or less at acquisition.

d) Investments:

Investments are recorded at cost. Temporary declines in the market value of the long-term investments are not adjusted.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2024

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

e) Inventories:

Included in other non-financial assets are inventories of goods and supplies which are priced at average cost on the same basis as the preceding year. Inventories of fleet parts and fuel are priced using First In First Out ("FIFO") method

f) Tangible capital assets:

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Cost includes all costs attributable to acquisition or construction, development or betterment of the tangible capital asset including but not limited to transportation costs, installation costs, design and engineering fees, legal fees and site preparation costs. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value at the time of receipt, with a corresponding amount recorded as revenue, when fair value can be reasonably estimated. Amortization is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated life of the tangible capital asset commencing in the year the asset is available for productive use as follows:

Land improvements	7 to 40	Years
Buildings	10 to 100	Years
Vehicles	2 to 30	Years
Machinery and equipment	3 to 40	Years
Computer hardware and software	4 to 12	Years
Roads infrastructure	5 to 40	Years
Water and sewer infrastructure	50 to 75	Years
Bridges and structures	75	Years
Leasehold improvements	40	Years
Work in process	No Amo	rtization Prior to
	Proje	ct Completion

g) Non-pension post-employment benefits and post-employment sick leave benefits:

The City accrues its obligations under employee benefit plans as the employees render the services necessary to earn employee future benefits. The City has adopted the following valuation methods and assumptions:

i) Actuarial cost method:

Accrued benefit obligations are computed using the projected benefit method pro rated on service, as defined in PSAB 3250 and PSAB 3255. The objective under this method is to expense each member's benefit under the plan taking into consideration projections of benefit costs to and during retirement. Under this method an equal portion of total estimated future benefit is attributed to each year of service.

ii) Funding policy:

The non-pension post retirement and post-employment benefits are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The City funds on a cash basis as benefits are paid. No assets have been formally segregated and restricted to provide the non-pension retirement and post-employment benefits.

iii) Accounting policies:

Actuarial gains and losses are amortized on a linear basis over the expected average remaining service life ("EARSL") of members expected to receive benefits under the plan, with amortization commencing in the period following the determination of the gain or loss. Obligations are attributed to the period beginning on the member's date of hire and ending on the expected date of termination, death or retirement, depending on the benefit value. The City's fiscal year-end is December 31 and the measurement date of the City's obligation is such.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2024

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

h) Taxation and related revenues:

Taxes are recorded at estimated amounts when they meet the definition of an asset, have been authorized and the taxable event occurs. For property taxes, the taxable event is the period for which the tax is levied. Property tax billings are prepared by the City based on assessment rolls issued by the Municipal Property Assessment Corporation ("MPAC"). Tax rates are established by City Council, incorporating amounts to be raised for local services and amounts the City is required to collect on behalf of the Province of Ontario in respect of education taxes. A normal part of the assessment process is the issue of supplementary rolls which provide updated information with respect to changes in property assessment. Once a supplementary assessment roll is received, the City determines the taxes applicable and renders supplementary tax billings. Taxation revenues are recorded at the time tax billings are issued. Assessments and the related property taxes are subject to appeal. Tax adjustments as a result of appeals are recorded when the result of the appeal process is known or the amount can be reasonably estimated. The City is entitled to collect interest and penalties on overdue taxes. These revenues are recorded in the period the interest and penalties are levied.

i) Government transfers and grants:

Government transfers and grants are recognized as revenue in the financial statements when the transfer is authorized and any eligibility criteria are met, except to the extent that transfer stipulations give rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability. Transfers are recognized as deferred revenue when transfer stipulations give rise to a liability. Transfer revenue is recognized in the statement of operations as the stipulation liabilities are settled.

j) Liability for contaminated sites:

Contaminated sites are a result of contamination being introduced into air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. The liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries. A liability for remediation of contaminated sites is recognized when a site is not in productive use and all the following criteria are met:

- (a) an environmental standard exists;
- (b) contamination exceeds the environmental standard;
- (c) the City:
 - (i) is directly responsible; or
 - (ii) accepts responsibility
- (d) it is expected that future economic benefit will be given up; and
- (e) a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

The liability includes all costs directly attributable to remediation operations, maintenance and monitoring. The liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries. If the likelihood of the City's obligation to incur these costs is either not determinable, or if an amount cannot be reasonably estimated, the costs are to be disclosed as a contingent liability in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

k) Investment income:

Investment income earned on surplus funds is reported as revenue in the period earned. Investment income earned on obligatory funds such as development charges and parkland allowances is added to the associated funds and forms part of the respective deferred revenue balances.

l) User fees and other revenues:

User fees and other revenues are reported recognized when the goods are sold or the services are provided, performance obligations fulfilled, and future economic benefits are measureable and expected to be obtained.

m) Use of estimates:

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles established by PSAB requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include: employee future benefits, liability for contaminated sites, asset retirement obligations, Provincial Offences Act receivables, allowances for doubtful accounts, useful lives of tangible capital assets, assessment at risk and other accrued liabilities and/or obligations. These estimates are reviewed periodically, and as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in earnings in the year in which they become known.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2024

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

n) Financial instruments:

All financial instruments are initially recorded on the statement of financial position at fair value.

All investments held in equity instruments that trade in an active market are recorded at fair value. Management has elected to record investments at fair value as they are managed and evaluated on a fair value basis. Freestanding derivative instruments that are not equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are subsequently measured at fair value.

Unrealized changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses until they are realized, when they are transferred to the statement of operations.

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred.

Where a decline in fair value is determined to be other than temporary, the amount of the loss is removed from accumulated remeasurement gains and losses and recognized in the statement of operation. On sale, the amount held in accumulated remeasurement gains and losses associated with that instrument is removed from accumulated remeasurement gains and recognized in the statement of operations. Financial instruments are classified into fair value hierarchy Levels 1, 2 or 3 for the purposes of describing the basis of the inputs used to determine the fair market value of those amounts recorded a fair value, as described below:

- Level 1: Fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: Fair value measurements are those derived from market-based inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3: Fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data

o) Asset retirement obligation:

An asset retirement obligation is recognized when, as at the financial reporting date, all of the following criteria are met:

- (i) There is a legal obligation to incur retirement costs in relation to a tangible capital asset;
- (ii) The past transaction or event giving rise to the liability has occurred;
- (iii) It is expected that the future economic benefits will be given up; and
- (iv) A reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

The liability for closure of operational sites and post-closure care relating to landfill sites has been recognized based on estimated future expenses. An additional liability for the removal of asbestos in several of the buildings owned by the City has also been recognized based on estimated future expenses on closure of the site and post-closure care.

The recognition of a liability resulted in an accompanying increase to the respective tangible capital assets. The increase to the tangible capital assets is being amortized in accordance with the depreciation accounting policies outlined in note 1(f).

2. Change in accounting policies:

PS 3400 Revenue

On January 1, 2024, the City adopted Canadian public sector accounting standard PS 3400 Revenue. The new accounting standard establishes a single framework to categorize revenue to enhance the consistency of revenue recognition and its measurement. As at December 31, 2024 the City determined that the adoption of this new standard did not have an impact on the amounts presented in the financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2024

3. Investments:

	2024	2023
Investments - bonds and GICs	\$ 23,608,354	\$ 33,069,319
Total investments, end of year	\$ 23,608,354	\$ 33,069,319

The City's investments totalling \$23,608,354 (2023 - \$33,069,319) are reported at cost and mature between July 2025 to December 2028, with yields ranging from 1.15% to 5.25% (2023 - 1.15% to 5.25%). The current short-term portion equals \$5,450,778 (2023- \$9,460,965).

4. Accounts receivable:

	2024	 2023
Government of Canada	\$ 10,537,851	\$ 6,115,960
Province of Ontario	7,082,677	4,901,473
Other municipalities	4,865	45,194
North Bay Hydro Distribution Limited (note 5(a)(vi)	18,878	28,427
North Bay Hydro Services Inc. (note 5(a)(vii)	167,098	271,089
User fees and other	6,388,654	5,017,208
Total accounts receivable	\$ 24,200,023	\$ 16,379,351

5. Government business enterprises:

a) North Bay Hydro:

The City holds_100% of the shares of North Bay Hydro Holding Limited ("Holdco"). Holdco holds 100% of the shares of North Bay Hydro Distribution Limited ("Distribution") and North Bay Hydro Services Inc. ("Services"). The following provides condensed combined financial information for Distribution and Services.

	2024	2023
Combined Statement of Financial Position		
Total Assets	\$ 153,852,967	\$ 149,945,637
Total Liabilities	\$ 94,109,452	\$ 92,227,606
Accumulated Remeasurement Gains	\$ 1,048,516	\$ 1,058,959
Net Assets	58,694,999	56,659,072
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 153,852,967	\$ 149,945,637
Combined Statement of Operations		
Total Revenues	\$ 91,361,298	\$ 82,651,067
Total Expenses	88,039,361	79,706,589
Net income	\$ 3,321,937	\$ 2,944,478
Other Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (10,443)	\$ (58,711)
Net Income and comprehensive income	\$ 3,311,494	\$ 2,885,767

Related party transactions between Hydro and the City are summarized as follows:

- i) The City purchased electricity and services from Distribution including electrical energy in the amount of \$2,093,572 (2023 \$2,020,251), street light energy in the amount of \$426,486 (2023 \$410,403), and construction activity in the amount of \$103,644 (2023 \$10,536).
- ii) The City purchased street light maintenance from Services in the amount of \$129,948 (2023 \$45,925) and electrical energy in the amount of \$420,098 (2023 \$402,930) for the Community Energy Park.
- iii) The City received municipal taxes from Distribution in the amount of \$120,608 (2023 \$117,315).
- iv) Distribution purchased goods and services from the City totalling \$231,544 (2023 \$240,873).
- v) Services purchased methane gas from the City totalling \$68,790 (2023 \$104,619).
- vi) At December 31, 2024, the City balances include accounts receivable of \$18,878 (2023 \$28,427) and accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$2,707 (2023 \$318,138) due to/from Distribution.
- vii) At December 31, 2024, the City balances include accounts receivable of \$167,098 (2023 \$271,089) and accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$99,910 (2023 \$89,162) due to/from Services.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds, end of year

Year ended December 31, 2024

rear	ended December 31, 2024	THE STANDOOM	o municipal constitutation	
	b) Investment in government business enterprises:			
		2024		2023
	Investment in government business enterprises, beginning of year Equity earnings Cash dividend received	\$ 57,718,031 3,311,494 (1,287,105)	\$	56,581,970 2,885,767 (1,749,706)
	Investment in government business enterprises, end of year	\$ 59,742,420	\$	57,718,031
6.	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:			
		 2024		2023
	Government of Canada Province of Ontario Other municipalities Interest on debt Trade accounts payable North Bay Hydro Distribution Limited (note 5(a)(vi)) North Bay Hydro Services Inc. (note 5(a)(vii)) Liability for contaminated sites (note 15) Accrued liabilities	\$ 157,050 235,143 3,544 52,894 22,859,543 2,707 99,910 1,033,163 7,572,945	\$	665,493 550,612 188,393 63,386 17,149,923 318,138 89,162 1,096,324 7,270,256
	Total accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 32,016,899	\$	27,391,687
7.	Deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds:			
		2024	Cleaner Mandaca William	2023
	Balance, beginning of the year Canada Community - Building Fund contributions Provincial Gas Tax contributions Ontario Community Infrastructure Fund contributions Development contributions Investment income Northern Ontario Resource Development Support (NORDS) Hazardous Materials CBRNE Response Program contributions Connecting Link contributions Next Generation 9-1-1 Building Faster Fund (BFF) Utilization of funds	\$ 25,179,950 3,362,342 784,736 5,733,534 355,609 1,451,975 334,624 39,062 569,554 280,000 (10,484,794)	\$	24,173,725 3,412,198 914,298 5,593,744 144,676 1,559,667 373,646 65,436 1,500,000

\$

27,606,592

\$

25,179,950

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2024

7. Deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds (continued):

	2024		Equaliticalities	2023
Analyzed as follows:				
Development Charges	\$	4,397,269	\$	4,165,779
Canada Community - Building Fund		9,442,806		10,427,820
Provincial Gas Tax Fund		1,628,617		1,366,313
Ontario Community Infrastructure Fund		6,781,441		4,401,497
Cash in lieu of Parkland		886,637		824,999
Building Code Act		2,070,575		2,320,533
Cannabis Legalization Implementation Fund		220,353		209,543
Hazardous Materials CBRNE Response Program		245,240		195,366
Municipal Modernization Fund		20,909		19,884
Northern Ontario Resource Development Support (NORDS)		1,604,725		1,248,216
Next Generation 9-1-1		23,978		-
Building Faster Fund (BFF)		284,042		
Deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds, end of year	\$	27,606,592	\$	25,179,950

Included in cash and cash equivalents are restricted amounts of \$27,606,592 (2023 - \$25,179,950) with respect to the above obligatory reserve funds.

8. Post-employment benefits and compensated absences payable:

	2024	2023
Sick leave benefits	\$ 8,932,000	\$ 9,162,000
Supplementary health benefits	13,472,800	13,030,600
WSIB top-up income plan	2,566,100	2,286,900
Total post-employment benefits and compensated absences payable	\$ 24,970,900	\$ 24,479,500

The sick leave benefit provides certain eligible employees with vested and non-vested sick leave days that accumulated beyond the 12 month period. The above sick leave benefit liability estimate includes compensated absences equal to the use of accumulated sick leave prior to retirement as well as any lump-sum payments upon retirement.

The City maintains a vested sick leave plan covering all Fire Association employees hired before December 31, 1997, Police Services Board and Police Association employees hired before September 1, 1977, and all Library employees hired prior to August 31, 1987.

In addition, the City has a defined supplementary health benefit plan that provides medical, dental and life insurance to certain eligible City employees, Fire Association employees, Police Association employees and Library employees who retire from current employment. The above supplementary health benefit liability estimates the expense of each member's benefit under the plan taking into consideration projections of benefit costs to and during retirement up to the age of 65.

Plan amendments in 2021 included the addition of the healthcare spending account ("HCSA") for Fire retirees, changes to the HCSA for Police retirees and the provision of health and dental benefit coverage for Fire and Police employees in receipt of a WSIB loss-of-earnings benefit.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2024

8. Post-employment benefits and compensated absences payable (continued):

The WSIB top-up income plan reflects the top-up to 100% of net pay for Fire and Police employees in receipt of a WSIB loss-of-earnings benefit.

Information about the City's defined supplementary health benefit and sick leave plan is as follows:

	2024	- Management of the Control of the C	2023
Sick leave benefits:			
Accrued benefit, beginning of year	\$ 9,162,000	\$	9,037,100
Amortization of unamortized actuarial gains/losses and other	(74,000)		(28,700)
Service cost for the year	881,500		868,900
Interest expense for the year	359,800		400,700
Benefits paid during the year	(1,397,300)		(1,116,000)
Accrued benefit liability and projected obligation, end of year	\$ 8,932,000	\$	9,162,000
Supplementary health benefits:			
Accrued benefit, beginning of year	\$ 13,030,600	\$	12,660,000
Amortization of unamortized actuarial gains/losses and other	123,200		13,100
Service cost for the year	654,900		590,500
Interest expense for the year	593,500		570,100
Benefits paid during the year	(929,400)		(803,100)
Accrued benefit liability and projected obligation, end of year	\$ 13,472,800	\$	13,030,600
WSIB Top-Up Income Plan benefits:			
Accrued benefit, beginning of year	2,286,900		2,058,300
Amortization of unamortized actuarial gains/losses and other	\$ 113,500	\$	193,100
Service cost for the year	1,186,300		1,157,400
Interest expense for the year	126,200		136,700
Benefits paid during the year	(1,146,800)		(1,258,600)
Accrued benefit liability and projected obligation, end of year	\$ 2,566,100	\$	2,286,900

A comprehensive actuarial valuation was completed as at December 31, 2024 by an actuarial firm. The next valuation date will be as at December 31, 2027. The main actuarial assumptions employed for the valuations are as follows:

- i) The discount rate for supplemental health benefits was assumed at 4.30% per annum for Accrued Benefit Obligation (2023 4.30%) and 4.30% per annum for the 2024 expense (2023 4.60%).
- ii) The discount rate for sick leave benefits was assumed at 4.30% per annum for Accrued Benefit Obligation (2023 4.30%) and 4.30% per annum for the 2024 expense (2023 4.60%).
- iii) Future general salary and wage levels were assumed to increase 3% per annum.
- iv) Health costs were assumed at 6.15% per annum for 2024, reducing to 4.00% by 2045.
- v) Dental costs were assumed at 6.10% per annum for 2024, reducing to 4.00% by 2045.
- vi) The expected average remaining service life is 11 years for the supplemental health benefits and sick leave benefits. The expected average remaining service life is 2 years for the WSIB Top-Up Plan.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2024

9. Net long-term liabilities:

a) The balance of net long-term liabilities reported on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position is made up of the following:

	2024	2023
Debentures (i)	\$ 26,200,771	\$ 33,011,665
Term loans (ii)	4,324,638	5,041,023
Cassellholme redevelopment commitment (iii)	63,077,238	60,422,285
Total net long-term liabilities (b)	\$ 93,602,647	\$ 98,474,973

- (i) The debentures bear interest at rates of 1.44% to 4.22%, repayable in semi-annual principal payments of \$225,000 (2023 - \$225,000) and monthly principal payments of \$478,825 (2023 - \$530,074) plus interest, maturing in April 2025 to October 2032.
- (ii) The term loans bear interest at rates of 2.25% to 2.73%, repayable in monthly principal payments of \$59,699 (2023 \$59,699) plus interest, maturing in December 2027 to February 2036. As a condition of its credit facilities, the City must maintain certain restrictive covenants. As at December 31, 2024, the City was in compliance with all restrictive covenants. Subsequent to year end, the City did not meet its restrictive financial reporting covenant, and as such, was non-compliant with this covenant.
- (iii) The City is a participating municipality of a northern joint municipal home, Cassellholme, and is responsible for its share of funding in accordance with the Fixing Long-Term Care Act, 2021, S.O. 2021, c. 39, Sched. 1 (the "FLTCA"). During 2022, construction for the redevelopment and expansion of the existing 240-bed long-term care facility commenced and Cassellholme entered into a Financing Agreement with Ontario Infrastructure and Lands Corporation ("OILC") for the redevelopment project. In accordance with the FLTCA, the City will be responsible for its share of annual principal and interest payments incurred by Cassellholme upon completion of the project. Based on a municipal borrowing rate of 4.49% for a 30 year period, the present value of the expected payments commencing in 2026 is \$63,077,238, an increase of \$2,654,953 over the prior year.

During 2022, the City entered into a Guarantee and Postponement of Claims agreement with the Ontario Infrastructure and Lands Corporation ('OILC") for the redevelopment project. Under the terms of the agreement, the City is named as a joint guarantor in regards to a Financing Agreement between Cassellholme and OILC. In the event of default, the City's maximum liability is \$46.1 million being the maximum amount of principal owing plus any accrued interest.

- (iv) Total 2024 principal payments for long-term liabilities totalled \$7,527,279 (2023 \$8,874,102).
- b) The aggregate maturities of the net long-term liabilities are as follows:

	2024
2025	6,462,280
2026	6,197,323
2027	5,379,644
2028	4,980,704
2029 and thereafter	70,582,696
Total net long-term liabilities	\$ 93,602,647
	2024
The repayments are summarized as follows:	
From municipal revenues	\$ 88,285,792
From user fees	3,966,855
From reserve funds	1,350,000
Total net long-term liabilities	\$ 93,602,647

c) The long-term liabilities reported in 9(a)(i) and 9(a)(ii), as well as the guarantee reported in 9(a)(iii), issued in the name of the City, have been approved by municipal by-law. The annual principal and interest payments required to service these liabilities are within the annual debt repayment limit prescribed by the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2024

10. Interest on long-term liabilities:

Total interest charges for the year on long-term liabilities reported in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus are as follows:

	2024	2023
General government	\$ 7,286	\$ 8,586
Protection services	5,862	8,184
Transportation services	332,119	411,591
Engineering and environmental services	404,207	503,383
Recreation and cultural services	174,728	199,802
Total interest payments	\$ 924,202	\$ 1,131,546

Interest includes accruals on long-term liabilities outstanding in the amount of \$52,894 (2023 - \$63,386).

11. Accumulated surplus:

	2024	2023
Investment in tangible capital assets	\$ 571,919,968	\$ 563,690,452
General surplus	40,778,196	36,449,582
Accumulated remeasurement gains	1,048,516	1,058,959
Reserve funds	80,536,780	74,207,684
Equity in government business enterprises	59,742,420	57,718,031
Amounts to be recovered:		
Post employment benefits and compensated absences	(24,970,900)	(24,479,500)
Asset Retirement Obligation	(5,802,114)	(5,797,228)
Contaminated Sites	(1,033,162)	(610,979)
Net long-term liabilities	(93,602,647)	(98,474,973)
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$ 628,617,057	\$ 603,762,028

12. Pension agreements:

The City makes contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement Fund ("OMERS"), which is a multi-employer pension plan, on behalf of all permanent, full-time members of its staff and part-time staff who have elected to join. The plan is a defined benefit plan, which specifies the amount of the retirement benefit to be received by the employees based on the length of service and rates of pay. The Board of Trustees, representing plan members and employers, is responsible for overseeing the management of the pension plan, including investment of the assets and administration of the benefits. OMERS provides pension services to more than 639,765 active and retired members and over 1,000 employers.

Each year an independent actuary determines the funding status of OMERS Primary Pension Plan ("the Plan") by comparing the actuarial value of invested assets to the estimated present value of all pension benefits that members have earned to date. On December 31, 2024, the total actuarial liabilities of \$142.5 million in respect of benefits accrued for service with actuarial assets at that date of \$139.6 million indicating an actuarial deficit of \$2.9 million. Because OMERS is a multi-employer plan, any pension plan surpluses or deficits are a joint responsibility of Ontario municipal organizations and their employees. The Municipality has adopted defined contribution plan accounting principles for this plan because insufficient information is available to apply defined benefit plan accounting principles. As a result, the City does not recognize any share of the OMERS pension surplus or deficit. Contributions made by the City to OMERS for 2024 were \$5,609,897 (2023 - \$5,490,770).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2024

13. Commitments and contractual rights:

a) Commitments:

Through its normal course of operations, the City enters into long-term contracts for the purchase of goods and services and for the construction of capital projects for which completion is expected to occur beyond the current fiscal year. The future value of certain long-term contracts is unknown. Annually, the City includes estimated payments required for the upcoming year as part of its budget to ensure that sufficient funding is available for these contracts, with funding for capital projects identified and committed prior to the awarding of the related contracts.

b) Contractual rights:

Contractual rights are rights to economic resources arising from contracts or agreements that will result in revenues and assets in the future. The City's contractual rights arise from a lease agreement with the DNSSAB for the rental of office space and the recovery of occupancy costs and support services provided by the City to the DNSSAB.

14. Contingent liabilities:

The City is subject to various litigation and claims arising in the normal course of its operations. The final outcome of the outstanding claims cannot be determined at this time. However, management believes that the ultimate disposition of these matters will not materially exceed the amounts recorded in the accounts. Any amendments to amounts accrued will be recorded once new information becomes available.

15. Liability for contaminated sites:

The City has a monitoring program in place to identify and assess contaminated sites on an ongoing basis to determine if remediation is required under legislation. The City's financial statements include a liability of \$1,033,163 (2023 - \$1,096,324) relating to contaminated site remediation costs. The liability for remediation costs is determined using management's best estimate of costs based on engineering and other professional reports, testing, anticipated timing of the future expenditures and recoveries. Due to the nature of this liability, including the assumptions inherent in its quantification, this amount may change in the future if additional or less costs are estimated, legislation changes occur, or timing of future expenditures change. Any changes to this liability will be recognized as an expense or recovery in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus in the year they become known. This amount has been recorded as a liability at year end and has been included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

The City has identified one (2023 - one) inactive landfill site for which it retains responsibility for all costs relating to closure and post-closure care.

Post-closure care activities for landfill sites are expected to occur in perpetuity and will involve surface and ground water monitoring, maintenance of drainage structures, monitoring leachate and landfill gas, and maintenance of the landfill cover

The estimated liability for the care of inactive landfill sites is the present value of future cash flows associated with closure and post-closure costs discounted using an estimated annual inflation rate of 2% (2023 - 3%). The estimated present value of future expenditures for post-closure care is \$643,394 (2023 - \$610,979), which has been included in the liability above.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2024

16. Public liability insurance:

For the period of 2004 to 2007, the City was insured with the Ontario Municipal Insurance Exchange ("OMEX"), an insurance reciprocal whose members pool their insurance coverage. As a member of a reciprocal, the City agreed to assume a certain percentage of the entire group's liabilities and losses for the period of time that the City was a member. In the event that an annual premium funding becomes insufficient to cover claims and claim reserves, the reciprocal has the ability to re-assess each member to appropriately fund the difference. As the claims for the above-noted period are settled, the City may either incur new liabilities or receive refunds.

17. Provincial Offences Act:

The Ministry of the Attorney General requires all municipal partners administering Provincial Offences Act ("POA") to disclose in the year-end audited consolidated financial statements a note on the gross and net provincial offences revenues earned. The table below is presented on an accrual basis of accounting whereas distributions to participating partners are done on a cash basis. The following table provides condensed financial information required by the terms in the Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") for its 2024 fiscal year with comparative 2023 figures:

		2024	MINERAL SANDOVERNIE	2023
Revenues (net of refunds)	\$	1,345,308	\$	1,022,314
Expenses: Provincial charges	140	117,613		115,039
Operating expenses		1,082,057		882,627
		1,199,670		997,666
Net revenue (loss)	\$	145,638	\$	24,648

The City shares net revenues/losses with participating partners on a cash basis. In 2024, the City retained \$151,691 (2023 - \$39,910) and transferred \$120,217 to participating partners (2023 - \$31,629).

The City's Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus includes an accrual for POA receivables in the amount of \$209,334 (2023 - \$214,544).

18. Budget:

Budget data presented in these consolidated financial statements is based on the 2024 operating, water and sewer operating and capital budgets approved by Council. The chart below reconciles the approved net budget figure prepared on a cash basis with the budget figures presented in these consolidated financial statements. Budget figures have been reclassified for purposes of these consolidated financial statements to comply with PSAB reporting requirements.

		2024
Budge	t By-law for the year	\$ 91,000
Add:	Debt principal repayments	7,527,279
	Investment in tangible capital assets	65,658,946
Less:	Amortization of tangible capital assets	(27,260,189)
	Post employment benefits and compensated absences payable	(693,300)
	Landfill closure and post-closure liabilities	(171,308)
	Other transfers and adjustments	(5,336,547)
	Debt proceeds	(5,904,500)
Budge	t surplus per Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus	\$ 33,911,381

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2024

19. Tangible capital assets:

	Land & Land Improvements	Buildings	Vehicles	Machinery & Equipment	Computer Hardware & Software	Roads	Water & Sewer	Bridges & Structures	Leasehold Improvements	Work in Process	2024 Total
Cost, beginning of year Additions during the year Disposals during the year Writedowns during the year	134,319,784 3,568,401 (916,401)	167,339,776 3,776,747 (672,336)	40,507,260 5,496,976 (1,468,692)	117,747,746 13,151,376 (13,930,738) (118,459)	9,925,292 937,467 (5,535,044)	311,810,117 7,438,629 (4,319,744)	251,069,857 4,203,377 (119,456) (4,239)	53,599,269 55,923 -	1,851,577	17,382,106 12,619,882 (11,687,157)	1,105,552,784 51,248,778 (38,649,568) (122,698)
Cost, end of year	136,971,784	170,444,187	44,535,544	116,849,925	5,327,715	314,929,002	255,149,539	53,655,192	1,851,577	18,314,831	1,118,029,296
Accumulated amortization, beginning of year Amortization expense Disposals during the year	72,123,129 2,587,226 (916,401)	64,211,784 3,658,685 (510,498)	23,213,941 3,037,576 (1,402,058)	80,097,526 5,353,935 (13,689,489)	8,495,211 753,084 (5,532,968)	179,741,619 10,091,675 (3,442,023)	96,240,450 3,417,733 (57,763)	17,136,912 851,993	601,760 46,289	1 1 1	541,862,332 29,798,196 (25,551,200)
Accumulated amortization, end of year	73,793,954	67,359,971	24,849,459	71,761,972	3,715,327	186,391,271	99,600,420	17,988,905	648,049		546,109,328
Net book value, beginning of year	62,196,655	103,127,992	17,293,319	37,650,220	1,430,081	132,068,498	154,829,407	36,462,357	1,249,817	17,382,106	563,690,452
Net book value, end of year	63,177,830	103,084,216	19,686,085	45,087,953	1,612,388	128,537,731	155,549,119	35,666,287	1,203,528	18,314,831	571,919,968

	Land & Land Improvements	Buildings	Vehicles	Machinery & Equipment	Computer Hardware & Software	Roads	Water & Sewer	Bridges & Structures	Leasehold Improvements	Work in Process	2023 Total
Cost, beginning of year Additions during the year Disposals during the year Writedowns during the year	\$ 133,257,706 \$ \$ 1,634,106 \$ \$ (572,028) \$	\$ 133,257,706 \$ 166,033,457 \$ 42,051,320 \$ 114,083,231 \$ 8,909,396 \$ 299,261,623 \$ 1,634,106 \$ 1,343,901 \$ 4,629,559 \$ 3,999,887 \$ 1,015,896 \$ 13,116,604 \$ (572,028) \$ (37,582) \$ (6,173,619) \$ (335,372) \$. \$ (568,110)	\$ 42,051,320 \$ 4,629,559 \$ (6,173,619)	\$ 114,083,231 \$ 3,999,887 \$ (335,372)	\$ 8,909,396 \$ 1,015,896 \$	\$ 299,261,623 \$ 13,116,604 \$ (568,110)	\$ 244,765,251 \$ 52,282,759 \$ 6,443,512 \$ 1,430,850 \$ (138,906) \$ (114,340)	\$ 52,282,759 \$ 1,430,850 \$ (114,340)	\$ 1,851,577 \$ -	1,851,577 \$ 11,615,593 - \$ 9,956,345 - \$ (4,189,832)	\$ 1,074,111,913 \$ 43,570,660 \$ (12,129,789)
Cost, end of year	\$ 134,319,784	\$ 134,319,784 \$ 167,339,776 \$ 40,507,260 \$ 117,747,746 \$ 9,925,292	\$ 40,507,260	\$ 117,747,746	\$ 9,925,292	\$ 311,810,117	\$ 251,069,857	\$ 53,599,269 \$ 1,851,577	\$ 1,851,577	\$ 17,382,106	1,105,552,784
Accumulated amortization, beginning of year Amortization expense Disposals during the year	\$ 70,231,286 \$ \$ 2,463,871 \$ \$ (572,028) \$	60,630,175 3,619,191 (37,582)	\$ 26,443,742 \$ 75,400,507 \$ 7,822,743 \$ 170,148,655 \$ 2,688,053 \$ 5,027,390 \$ 672,468 \$ 9,993,499 \$ (5,917,854) \$ (330,371) \$ \$ (400,535)	\$ 75,400,507 \$ 5,027,390 \$ (330,371)	\$ 7,822,743 \$ 672,468 \$		\$ 92,962,688 \$ 3,370,377 \$ (92,615)	92,962,688 \$ 16,393,924 3,370,377 \$ 851,247 (92,615) \$ (108,259)	\$ 555,471 \$ 46,289	 	\$ 520,589,191 \$ 28,732,385 \$ (7,459,244)
Accumulated amortization, end of year Net book value, beginning of year	\$ 72,123,129 \$ 63,026,420	\$ 72,123,129 \$ 64,211,784 \$ 23,213,941 \$ 80,097,526 \$ 8,495,211 \$ 179,741,619 \$ 96,240,450 \$ 17,136,912 \$ 601,760 \$ - \$ 63,026,420 \$ 105,403,282 \$ 15,607,578 \$ 38,682,724 \$ 1,086,653 \$ 129,112,968 \$ 151,802,563 \$ 35,888,835 \$ 1,296,106 \$ 11,615,593	\$ 23,213,941 \$ 15,607,578	\$ 80,097,526 \$ 38,682,724	\$ 8,495,211 \$ 1,086,653	\$ 179,741,619 \$ 96,240,450 \$ 17,136,912 \$ \$ 129,112,968 \$ 151,802,563 \$ 35,888,835 \$	\$ 96,240,450 \$ 151,802,563	\$ 17,136,912 \$ 35,888,835	\$ 601,760 \$ 1,296,106	\$ - \$ 11,615,593	541,862,332 \$ 553,541,472
Net hook value end of vear	\$ 62 196 655	\$ 62 196 655 \$ 103 127 992 \$ 17,293 319 \$ 37,650,220 \$ 1,430,081 \$ 132,068,498 \$ 154,829,407 \$ 36,462,357 \$ 1,249,817 \$ 17,382,106 \$	\$ 17.293,319	\$ 37,650,220	\$ 1,430,081	\$ 132,068,498	\$ 154,829,407	\$ 36,462,357	\$ 1,249,817	\$ 17,382,106	\$ 563,690,452

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2024

20. Asset retirement obligation:

The City's asset retirement obligation consists of several obligations as follows:

a) Landfill obligation:

The City owns a landfill site. The liability for the closure of operational sites and post-closure care has been recognized under *PS 3280 Asset Retirement Obligation*. The costs were based upon the presently known obligations that will exist at the estimated year of closure of the sites and for 35 years post this date.

The landfill is expected to reach its capacity in 15.67 years, and the estimated remaining capacity is 977,226 cubic meters, which is 65.7% of the site's total capacity.

Post-closure care for the landfill sites is estimated to be required for 35 years from the date of site closure. These costs were discounted to December 31, 2024 using a discount rate of 3% per annum.

b) Asbestos obligation:

The City owns and operates several buildings that are known to have asbestos, which represents a health hazard upon demolition of the building and there is a legal obligation to remove or remediate it. Following the adoption of *PS 3280 Asset Retirement Obligation*, the City recognized an obligation relating to the removal and post-removal care of the asbestos in these building as estimated at December 31, 2024. The obligation is determined based on the estimated undiscounted cash flows that will be required in the future to remove or remediate the asbestos containing material in accordance with current legislation.

Changes to the asset retirement obligation in the year are as follows:

Asset Retirement Obligation	Landfill closure	Asbestos removal	_	Balance at mber 31, 2024
Opening balance	\$ 4,462,607	\$ 1,386,724	\$	5,849,331
Adjustment	\$ 116,683	\$ (42,314)	\$	74,369
Closing balance	\$ 4,579,290	\$ 1,344,410	\$	5,923,700

Asset Retirement Obligation	Landfill closure	Asbestos removal	_	Balance at mber 31, 2023
Opening balance	\$ 4,462,607	\$ 1,386,724	\$	5,849,331
Adjustment	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Closing balance	\$ 4,462,607	\$ 1,386,724	\$	5,849,331

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2024

21. Segmented information:

For each reported segment, revenues and expenditures represent both amounts that are directly attributed to the segment, as well as amounts that are allocated to the segments on a reasonable basis. The accounting policies followed in the segments are consistent with the accounting policies followed in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements as disclosed in note 1. Certain departments that have been separately disclosed in the segmented information, along with the services they provide, are as follows:

a) General Government:

General Government consists of the Office of the Mayor, Council expenses, Administrative Services (including Clerks, Elections and Legal Services), Human Resources, Financial Services Departments and Strategic Initiatives (Communications and Information Technology Services). Areas within the General Government respond to the needs of external and internal clients by providing high quality, supportive and responsive services. This area supports the operating departments in implementing priorities of Council and provides strategic leadership on issues relating to governance, strategic planning and service delivery.

b) Protection Services:

Protection Services is comprised of Fire, Police, contributions to the North Bay Mattawa Conservation Authority, contributions to the North Bay Humane Society, Building Services, Emergency Measures and management of Provincial Offences Act. Police services provides adequate and effective policing that meets the needs of the community in areas of crime prevention, law enforcement, assistance to victims of crime, public order and emergency response. Fire Protection includes fire suppression services, fire prevention programs, fire safety education, rescue and emergency services and the training of persons involved in the provision of these activities. Building Services processes permit applications and ensures compliance with the Ontario Building Code and with By-Laws enacted by Council.

c) Transportation Services:

Transportation Services consists of year-round road maintenance, parking, traffic signals, street lighting, transit services and air transportation. Activities include the maintenance of roadsides defined as sidewalks and walkways. This service is responsible for the operational integrity of the roadway system though year-round surface maintenance and winter maintenance. The parking department provides and manages public parking both on and off street and ensures that available parking spaces are shared between both long and short-term parkers to allow the greatest possible access for visitors to the central business district. Traffic signal services provide the planning, design, operation and maintenance of the City's street lights and traffic signal networks. Public transit is responsible for the operation of a public transportation system including the maintenance and repairs of the fleet of transit buses. This section also includes the revenues and expenses of the Airport.

d) Engineering and Environmental Services:

Environmental Services consists of water supply and distribution, wastewater treatment, storm sewer systems, waste collection, waste disposal and recycling. This division ensures the supply and quality of the City's drinking water, processes and cleans wastewater to meet all Provincial standards and provides waste disposal and recycling services.

e) Community Services:

The City provides transfer payments to public health services to improve the overall health of the population by providing various services to individuals and the community. Social and family services provides services that are meant to help the less fortunate in society and support Cassellholme. Social housing is provided to help shelter families and elderly in need. Childcare funding is provided to subsidize daycares and to provide early learning programs. The ambulance service transports the injured to the hospital and provides emergency medical care to those in need.

f) Recreation and Cultural Services:

Recreation and Cultural Services includes parks services, recreational programs, recreation facilities, the library, and other cultural services and activities. Parks and recreation services develop and deliver high-quality recreational programs, and develop and maintain recreational facilities, parks and sports fields to ensure all residents have the opportunity to enjoy a healthy lifestyle. Cultural services invest in local non-profit organizations that deliver services on behalf of the City. Library services provide library services to the citizens. Recreational and cultural programs include festivals and various community events.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2024

21. Segmented information (continued):

g) Planning and Development:

Planning and Development includes Planning and Economic Development departments, inbay and the DIA. The Planning department is responsible for the planning and review of property development plans and the City's future direction. Economic Development generates opportunities in the community to strengthen the economic base of the City.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF NORTH BAY Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Revenues: Property taxation						S-0.000	The second secon		
Revenues: Property taxation	General Government	Protection	Transportation	Engineering & Environmental	Community Services	Recreation & Cultural	Planning & Development	Unallocated	2024 Total
Property taxation									
	ı 69	· •	, 6	, ()	9	· •	· •		\$ 106,504,941
l axation from other governments	358 245	426 112	- A 217 G97	29 319 130		2 176 734	89 516	4,490,112	38 587 434
Government transfers and grants	2,000	2 718 811	10 265 782	4 049 301	ī	3.517,005	239,253	10.198.200	
License, permits fees and rents	595,171	1,107,002	30,622		í	645,494	44,490		
Investment income	5,888,179	,	54,544	ī	ī		,	,	
Provincial Offences Act	1	1,345,308	1	1	i	1		,	
Other	4,787,436	550,122	167,659	1,602,445	ī	1,165,354	15,246		
Equity loss in government business enterprises		1	1						1
	11,629,031	6,147,355	16,736,304	34,970,876	ī	7,504,587	388,505	124,521,850	201,898,508
Expenses:	5 581 187	40 067 998	12 129 225	9 309 335	,	737 055 8	1 991 958	î	77 410 47
Jarai y and Denems Materials	2,051,151	3 168 460	6 609 267	12 088 738		3 267 285	437.870	1	27,630,871
Contracted services	1 022,230	2 449 554	4 357 726	4.794.010		1,380,834	366,058		14,370,332
Rents and financial	85,906	171,936	200,718	318,479	É	104,211	10,480	1	891,730
External transfers	20,000	1,964,015		1	18,422,753	932,351	966,903	1	22,336,022
Loss/ (gain) on disposal	(54,950)	(634)	823,879	61,693	1	186,268	1	ű	1,016,256
Interest	7,286	5,862	332,119	404,207	1	174,728	1	1	924,202
Amortization of tangible capital assets	857,984	1,534,319	15,822,937	8,539,618	1	3,028,623	14,719	ĩ	29,798,200
	9,608,814	49,361,510	40,275,871	35,516,080	18,422,753	17,405,067	3,787,988	ī	174,378,083
Annual surplus (deficit) before undernoted item	2,020,217	(43,214,155)	(23,539,567)	(545,204)	(18,422,753)	(9,900,480)	(3,399,483)	124,521,850	27,520,425
Cassellholme redevelopment commitment					(2,654,953)			ī	(2,654,953)
tio Bolt or Jones of Control	\$ 2 020 247	C (13 211 155)	\$ 123 530 567\	(545 204)	1.	(9 900 480)	(3 399 483)	\$ 124 521 850	\$ 24 865 472
Alfidal surpius (delicit)		(40,414,130)	(20,000,000)		(001,110,12)	11	II .	2001	
	General Government	Protection	Transportation	Engineering & Environmental	Community Services	Recreation & Cultural	Planning & Development	Unallocated	2023 Total
Revenues:									ľ
Property taxation	1	r	ē		ı		•		2
Taxation from other governments		1	ı	1				4,276,292	
User charges	382,022	320,575	5,490,086	27,996,665	,	1,983,090	056,950		
Government transfers and grants	58,276	2,315,340	13,112,213	1,861,161	į	700,933	104,206	10,156,400	7
License, permits fees and rents	638,740	1,194,385	26,475		,	578,297	58,599	'	\$ 2,496,496
Investment income	5,372,270	ì	73,058			6	•	1	
Provincial Offences Act	•	1,022,314	1	1	,	1	1	'	
Other	4,464,198	770,139	3,578,418	1,249,711		470,043	27,042		_
Equity loss in government business enterprises			î	1					\$ 2,944,478
	10,915,506	5,622,753	22,280,250	31,107,537	1	3,732,363	279,797	120,486,228	194,424,434
Expenses:	000 808 3	20 707 663	11 541 010	0 081 551		7 691 727	2 030 755		74 553 425
Salary and benefits	3,424,900	200,207,00	7 4 6 0 0 0 0	+CC, 100, C	n.	3 201 151	767,245	5	22,522,7
Materials	1,331,73	2,760,380	2 563 764	740,814		1 247 465	383 409	ı	13 223 819
Contracted services	1,012,033	182 547	788 775	304 912		81 685	10 198		1.287.191
Kents and Imanicial	25,000	1 620 347	650,000	710,100	18 001 847	848,309	1.057,459	ī	22,202,962
External dansiers	(101 405)	(2,676)	109 969	74.741		11,420	. '	i	91,749
Lossi (gairi) or disposal	8 586	8 184	411.591	503,383	1	199,802	Ī	1	1,131,546
Amortization of tangible capital assets	921,555	1.269.279	15,571,801	8,182,006	1	2,778,081	9,663	ï	28,732,385
	8,842,674	46,915,845	39,797,274	30,134,732	18,001,847	16,149,640	3,958,729	i	163,800,741
Annual surplus (deficit) before undernoted item	2 072 832	(41,293,092)	(17.517.024)	972,805	(18,001,847)	(12,417,277)	(3,678,932)	120,486,228	30,623,693
/:									100 003 07
Cassellholme redevelopment commitment	ï	ï		ı.	(2,502,085)	1			(5,502,065)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2024

22. Credit facility agreement:

The City has a credit facility agreement with a Canadian Financial Institution bearing interest at the bank's prime rate less 0.85%. The maximum draw under the terms of the operating line is \$12 million. At year-end the City has not utilized any amount under this credit facility (2023 - \$nil).

23. Change in non-cash working capital:

	2024	2023
Decrease (increase) in taxes receivable	\$ (1,960,245)	\$ (1,802,795)
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	(7,820,672)	(2,245,643)
Decrease (increase) in other financial assets	382,291	542,088
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	4,625,212	3,118,323
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue	(369,657)	185,812
Increase (decrease) in obligatory reserve fund	2,426,642	1,006,225
Decrease (increase) in other non-financial assets	(293,916)	(922,082)
	\$ (3,010,345)	\$ (118,072)